



HASALMUN'23

10th year edition

**THE
MANHATTAN
PROJECT**

HANDBOOK

The Manhattan Project Handbook

1. Introduction

The Manhattan Project is a large-scale project management committee and there are some special rules of procedure regarding the committee. This handbook will cover those special rules and will provide information about the procedure of the committee.

2. Agenda Item

The committee has no specified agenda item. Members of the committee are expected to take necessary actions in managing the Manhattan Project and use their powers to decide on the usage of the products from the project, assuming production is complete.

3. Committee Board

The committee board consists of General Leslie Groves who is in charge of the project and Robert Oppenheimer who is the director of the Los Alamos Laboratory.

4. Opening Speeches

There will not be any opening speeches at the start of the committee.

5. Debate

The debate in the committee will be conducted according to special rules that are different from general assembly committees. Said special rules are:

a. Semi-Moderated Caucus

The committee will be conducted in a semi-moderated caucus without the need for a motion for a semi-moderated caucus. Members may raise motions for a moderated or unmoderated caucus. If the time for a moderated or unmoderated caucus is elapsed, the committee will automatically return to a semi-moderated caucus without a need for a motion. The board may terminate any speech at discretion. The board may form a general speakers list, and pass motions for the moderated caucus at discretion if they deem it necessary. These choices are not subject to appeal.

b. Tour de Table

Members may give a motion for a tour de table. This debate form will require that every member of the cabinet including the board shall make a speech regarding the specified topic. The duration of the speeches will be determined by the proposer of the motion and there is no maximum time limit for the caucus. However, the Committee Board may alter the time of the caucus if they deem it necessary. The Board has the right to terminate the caucus.

6. Documents

a. Directives

The Manhattan Project committee allows personal, joint, and committee directives. However, due to the nature of the committee, the capabilities of personal directives and joint directives are reduced. Committee directives require the unanimous vote of all of the committee. The committee will also accept top-secret directives. Directives must be submitted to crisis members.

b. Press Releases

Members may individually or collectively write press releases. Press releases written by individual members, or a group of members may either be submitted to crisis members or the committee board. After a press release is approved, it will be read by the committee and, all members and the committee board will know about the press release. Press releases may also submit to a committee in which case, it is submitted to the committee board and voted upon. A simple majority is needed for a press release to pass.

7. Characters and Capabilities

The committee matrix is formed by scientists and military personnel. The characters do not possess much power by themselves but as a committee, they will decide on the future of the manhattan project.

8. Timeline

The committee will start in 1943 after Robert Oppenheimer becomes the Director of Los Alamos Laboratory.